## Chapter 9. The Role of Leadership Behaviors and Structures in Community Development

## **Quiz**

## Select the best answer for each of the following questions.

- 1. Emerging leaders in developmental public organizations realize that their groups:
- a. Often unconsciously evolve to a particular style of group interaction that may limit their problem-solving abilities.
- b. Need a directive individual to give guidance to passive, dependent employees from time to time.
- c. Should fix responsibilities for the group's division of labor by formal arrangements.
- d. Depend on clear-cut, one-way communications when establishing group priorities.
- 2. "Operational leadership" refers to a leader's:
  - a. Past experiences and contact during an organizational crisis.
  - b. Power associated with the leader's public image.
  - c. Behavioral attempts in an effort to work with others
- 3. How a leader acts in a particular scene is influenced by his or her:
  - a. Early childhood experience and experience as a parent.
  - b. Unique intellectual and physical traits.
  - c. Image of the responsibilities involved in all leadership situations.
  - d. Role expectations, group goals, and the leaders range of behavioral skills.
- 4. In addition to seeking questions from everyone in the group, the developmental leader:
  - a. Provides a chance for individuals to "get their gripes out of their system."
  - b. Seeks to eliminate suggestions that may expose latent conflicts.
  - c. Guides group interaction according to a hidden agenda.
  - d. Provides specific opportunities for members to join in goal-setting.
- 5. A typical remark by a directive leader whose style of behavior is judging might be:
  - a. "I feel uneasy about all of this change."
  - b. "Let's don't do anything. It's really their duty."
  - c. "I told you yesterday what to do."
  - d. "Your suggestion supports what I thought."

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- 6. "Turning on the charm" is a form of behavior most frequently used by:
  - a. A developmental leader.
  - b. A directive leader.
  - c. A permissive leader.
- 7. Conflicts created by "errors of omission" are most likely the result of which leadership role:
  - a. A developmental leader.
  - b A directive leader.
  - c. A permissive leader.

## Match the following communication networks to the appropriate leadership role:

8. Developmental Leader Communication vacuum
9. Directive Leader Wheel of Interaction
10. Permissive Leader Chain of Command

- 11. When the developmental leader leaves the scene of activity, people ten to continue their work because:
  - a. They fear another group member will report them to the leader.
  - b. The developmental leader has left them work to do
  - c. hey are confused and anxious to determine who has responsibility for the project.
  - d. They are involved in the project and their work is important and challenging.
- 12. The effectiveness of a civil defense group immediately after an area is hit by a tornado may depend heavily upon:
  - a. Lengthy but democratic discussions of plans and shortcomings.
  - b. The "comic relief" of a permissive leader.
  - c. The control and predictability inherent in a directive leadership style.
  - d. A "wheel of interaction" type of communications network.